

## anti-human CD13

The antibody WM-15 recognises the human CD13 cell surface glycoprotein, a 150 kDa molecule expressed on granulocytes, endothelial cells, epithelial cells and myeloid progenitors.

**CD13** (aminopeptidase N, APN) is a 150 kDa type II transmembrane zinc-binding ectopeptidase expressed on various cell types. This metalloprotease preferentially catalyzes removal of neutral amino acids from small peptides, thus activating or inactivating bioactive peptides. CD13 has also role in extracellular matrix degradation, antigen processing and signal transduction, is important in inflammatory responses, regulates intercellular contact, cell motility and vascularization. CD13 is involved in protection of leukemic cells against apoptosis and its expression associated with poor prognosis of carcinomas.

<b>Clone:</b>	WM-15
<b>Isotype:</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Physical state:</b>	Purified from ascites by protein-A affinity chromatography
<b>Purity:</b>	> 95% (by SDS-PAGE)
<b>Buffer:</b>	PBS with 15 mM sodium azide (pH 7.4)
<b>Storage Instruction:</b>	Store at 4 °C. For long-term storage aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Application:</b>	Flow Cytometry, Immunohistochemistry (frozen sections), Immunoprecipitation
<b>Reference:</b>	Leucocyte Typing V. Schlossman S. et al. (Eds.), Oxford University Press (1995)
<b>Quantity:</b>	0.1 mg
<b>Order N°:</b>	H12488

**Warning:** Sodium azide is harmful if swallowed (R22). Keep out of reach of children (S2). Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuff (S13). Wear suitable protective clothing (S36). If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label (S46). Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas (R32).

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