

anti-human CD22 FITC-conjugated

The antibody MEM-01 reacts with CD22 (BL-CAM), a 130 kDa type I transmembrane glycoprotein (immunoglobulin superfamily) expressed in the cytoplasm of pro-B and pre-B lymphocytes, and on the surface of mature and activated B lymphocytes; it is lost on plasma cells, peripheral blood T lymphocytes, granulocytes and monocytes. The antibody MEM-01 cross-blocks the antibody OTH228 that recognizes uniquely epitope "E"; it does not cross-block antibodies RFB-4, CLB22/1 and CLB-BLy1.

CD22, also known as Siglec-2 (sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin-2) is a transmembrane glycoprotein binding alpha2,6-linked sialic acid-bearing ligands. Intracellular domain of CD22 recruits protein tyrosine phosphatase SHP-1 through the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motifs (ITIMs), thus setting a threshold for B cell receptor-mediated activation. CD22 also regulates B-cell response by involvement in controlling the CD19/CD21-*Src*-family protein tyrosine kinase amplification pathway and CD40 signaling. CD22 exhibits hallmarks of clathrin-mediated endocytic pathway.

Clone:	MEM-01
Isotype:	Mouse IgG1
Physical state:	Liquid for direct use
Form:	purified antibody conjugated with Fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC)
Buffer:	PBS containing 1% BSA and 0.1% sodium azide (pH 7.4)
Storage:	Store at 4 °C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.
Application:	Flow Cytometry
Reference:	Tedder TF, Poe JC, Haas KM: CD22:. <i>Adv Immunol.</i> 2005;88:1-50
Quantity:	1.0 ml
Order N°:	H12157F

Warning: Sodium azide is harmful if swallowed (R22). Keep out of reach of children (S2). Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuff (S13). Wear suitable protective clothing (S36). If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label (S46). Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas (R32).

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